# ARBITRATION: PROS & CONS



**JANUARY 26, 2024** 

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CONS OF ARBITRATION

#### MAY NOT BE CHEAPER

#### MAY NOT BE QUICKER

#### Limited Appeal

- (1) the award was obtained by corruption, fraud, or other undue means
- (2) the rights of a party were prejudiced by:
  - (A) evident partiality by an arbitrator appointed as a neutral arbitrator;
  - (B) corruption in an arbitrator; or
  - (C) misconduct or willful misbehavior of an arbitrator;

### Limited Appeal

- -3) the arbitrators:
  - (A) exceeded their powers;
  - (B) refused to postpone the hearing after a showing of sufficient cause for the postponement;
  - (C) refused to hear evidence material to the controversy; or
  - (D) conducted the hearing, contrary to Section 171.043, 171.044, 171.045, 171.046, or 171.047, in a manner that substantially prejudiced the rights of a party; or

#### Limited Appeal

(4) there was no agreement to arbitrate, the issue was not adversely determined in a proceeding under Subchapter B, and the party did not participate in the arbitration hearing without raising the objection.

#### Limited Discovery

Sec. 171.050. DEPOSITIONS. (a) The arbitrators <u>may</u> authorize a deposition

Sec. 171.051. SUBPOENAS. (a) The arbitrators, or an arbitrator at the direction of the arbitrators, <u>may</u> issue a subpoena for

NO RIGID ADHERENCE TO RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE OR RULES OF EVIDENCE NOT REQUIRED TO FOLLOW LAW

## TENDENCY TO SPLIT THE BABY

#### MAY NOT BE ABLE TO HAVE ALL NECESSARY PARTIES PRESENT

## ADVANTAGES OF ARBITRATION

#### Advantages of Arbitration

- Knowledgeable arbitrator
- More informal
- Confidentiality
- Flexibility on rules of discovery and evidence
- Potential speed and efficiency of the process
- Less adversarial
- Finality of the award

#### Why Avoid Court?

 Decision-maker lacks specialized knowledge relevant to the dispute.

Delays

- Jury Risks
- Potential for higher damages
- Lack of finality due to appellate process.

#### Arbitration Clause Will Be Enforced

There is a strong presumption in favor of arbitration under Federal and Texas law.

- The parties' arbitration agreement will be enforced.
  - If only one party wants to arbitrate and the dispute is subject to the arbitration agreement, the willing party can compel the other party to arbitrate.
  - Exception: the parties can agree NOT to arbitrate and proceed with litigation.

### Power to Contract for the Arbitration You Want

- Define the arbitration process in the contract.
- The procedures and rules governing the arbitration can be determined by:
  - The parties' contract;
  - The rules of an organization, i.e. AAA; or
  - The arbitrator.

#### Will You Agree to Arbitrate?

- Determine if you will agree to an arbitration clause in a contract.
- Will you agree to the scope of the arbitration clause?
- Will you agree to the format governing the arbitration process, including the hearing?
- Will the Federal Arbitration Act or the Texas General Arbitration Act (or other applicable state statutes) apply?

#### Administered by a Third-Party

The format is largely pre-determined:

- The parties are provided with a list of arbitrators from which to select;
- There are rules in place that govern the process; and
- There is are administrators who fulfill a role similar to a court clerk.
- Arbitrator's fees and other costs, i.e. administrative and filing fees

### Defining the Arbitration Process in the Contract

- Conditions precedent
  - Mediation
- Applicable law
- Forum selection
- Confidentiality
- Are other parties subject to arbitration?
  Allow other parties to join the arbitration?

#### The Arbitrator(s)

- Panel or single arbitrator?
- How will the arbitrator(s) be selected?
- What qualifications must the arbitrator(s) possess?
- How much control will the arbitrator have over the process?
- Fees

#### Discovery

- Type of discovery allowed
- Exchange all documents
- Limitations on discovery, i.e. limit the number of depositions
- What rules, if any, will be followed?

#### Arbitration

- Motion practice
  - Will dispositive motions be allowed?
  - Pre or post-arbitration briefing?
- Hearing options
  - Obtaining an award without a hearing
  - Will any evidentiary rules apply?
  - Presentation of evidence, including witnesses
  - Transcript?

#### The Arbitration Award

- Reasoned award?
- Can define the scope of the arbitrator's authority in awarding damages
  - What damages are recoverable?
  - Can attorney fees be awarded?
- Deadline by which an award must be rendered
- Finality of the award.

#### **Contact Information**

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